# FUNG-ONIL<sup>TM</sup> MULTI-PURPOSE FUNGICIDE CONCENTRATE

CONTROLS: Leaf Spots, Rust, Blights, Fruit Rots, Mildews, Scab, Molds and other listed plant diseases.

**USE ON:** Flowers, Shrubs, Shade Trees, Fruit, Vegetables.

## WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

CONDITIONS OF SALE: Earl May warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Earl May, EARL MAY DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EVERSES OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY. EARL MAY SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, AND BONIDE'S SOLE LIABILITY AND BUYER'S AND USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REFUND OR THE PURCHASE PRICE BUYER AND USER ACKNOWLEDGE AND ASSUME ALL RISKS AND LIABILITY RESULTING FROM HANDLING, STORAGE AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT. BONIDE DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTY, GURARANTE OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTY, GURARANTE OR REPRESENTATIVE THIS PRODUCT.

Store and transport in an upright position.

EPA Est. No. 4-NY-1 EPA Reg. No. 60063-9-3772

Distributed by EARL MAY SEED & NURSERY Shenandoah, lowa 51603 EM 0 37321 00880

	FIRST AID
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance,
	then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible. Call a
	poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue
	rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water
OR CLOTHING:	for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	Have affected person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce
	vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give
	anything by mouth to an unconscious person

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7376 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Persons having a temporary allergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

# HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS-WARNING - AVISO

May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not breathe spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Mixers, loaders, applicators and all other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Shoes plus socks:
- Protective eye wear;
- Waterproof gloves (some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, or viton; if you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection charlt:

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Cont.

 A NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P, or HE prefilter. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Keep children and pets off treated area until dry.

# ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. DO NOT apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Chlorothalonii can contaminate surface water through spray drift. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

Chlorothalonil degradates are known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this product in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in oround water contamination.

# READ ENTIRE LABEL AND USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

# **General Precautions and Restrictions**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. <u>DO. NOT</u> allow people or pets to enter treated areas until sprays have dried or dusts have settled. <u>DO. NOT</u> apply this product in a way that will contact other persons, or pets, either directly or through drift. <u>Only protected</u> handlers may be in the area during application. <u>DO. NOT</u> apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use in small vegetable or fruit gardens, on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in exterior plantscapes, ornamental gardens or parks.

# Mixing, Loading and Applying

This product is a liquid concentrate that readily mixes with water and can be used in a tank-type manually operated or power sprayer.

This product is highly effective for the control of a broad spectrum of vegetable, fruit and ornamental plant diseases when it is used according to the directions on this label. Thorough uniform coverage of plant surfaces is essential for good disease control. Shake well before using. Mix appropriate amount with water and use at once.

#### GARDEN VEGETARI E DISEASES

Apply this product at the rate indicated for each garden crop for the disease to be controlled, by mixing in one gallon of water to cover approximately 200 square feet (10 ft. x 20 ft.) of planted crop. Repeat applications at intervals specified. Use the 7 day schedule during severe disease conditions or wet weather. Do not apply closer to harvest than the indicated **Preharvest Interval (PHI)** for each type of crop. Do not apply more than the specified amount of this product per 200 sq. ft. of garden area per year for each crop type.

Note: Avoid spraying plants during extremely hot and sunny weather. Do not apply to wilted plants. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated plant parts to livestock.

tsp. = teaspoonful (1/6 fluid ounce)	PHI RATE PBR (DAYS) DISEASES 200 SQ, FT. APPLICATION DIRECTIONS	7 Rust 2 % kp. Per Begin applications during early Bothytis blight gray Application, bloom stage or when disease mold) if the threatens and repeat at 7 11 tso. Per Year Levi Indinental son depeat at 7 11 tso. Per Year Levi Indinental son depeat at 7	14 Rust, 2 Bg. Per Anthromose, Downy Application, mildew, Derosspora leaf spot (black-ge-gm/y), 8 bg. Per Year Ascotyfing blight	Chinese 7   Allentaria led sput, 2 kg, Per	0 Cercospona (Early) 2 kg. Per Start applications when disease bight, Allement (Late) Application, threatens and epeat at 7 to 10 bight 18 kg. Per Year	7 Cercospora (Early) 2-% sp. Per Start applications shortly after blight Septime (Lab) Application, prop emergence or when blight Besal stark rot and a proper per per per per per per per per per	Neet) 14 Helminthosportum leaf 2 kg. Per Begin applications when bigiths, Rust Application, conditions favor disease 11 kg. Per Near Development and repeat at 7 day
	CROP	Bean (Snap)	Beans (Dry)	Cabbage, Clinese Cabbage (tight- headed varieties only), Cauliflower, Brocoli, Clinese Brocoli, Brussels, Somuts	Carrot	Celery	Carn (sweet)

Cucurbits:	(DAYS)	DISEASES Anthrachose, Downy	RATE PER 200 SQ. FT. 2 % tsp. Per	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS  Regin applications when plants
Cucumber, Cartaloupe, Cartaloupe, Honeydew melon, Watermelon, Squash,	,	mildew, Target spot, Cercospora leaf spot, Gurnmy sten blight (black only, Alternaria eart tight, Scab, Powdery mildow (Sphaerotheca only)	Application, 19 tsp. Per Year	organ expansions were parase are in first the leaf stage or desease development. Repeat at 7 da intervisis. Vote: Spraying makure watermelors may result in sumbum of the upper surface of the fruit.
T apply this ense heat a tions which returned in the termelons uniter th	product to water to water to want be considered to policial to the reconstruction to refer your contraction to the state of the state o	DO NOT apply this product to watemelors when any of the following conditions are present.  I Inhirase that and sundicts. 2. Drought conditions. 3. Poor whe campy, 4. Other conditions within may be conductable to increased retained sunburn. DO NOT combine this; overgin what for application to whatemelorisuliess your profit use has shown the combinal to watermelons under your conditions of use.	e following conditior Poor vine canopy, I sunbum. DO NOT proir use has shown	DO NOT apply this product to watermebros when any of the following conditions are present: 1. Inthrese that a straight 2, counting conditions, 3. Poror wire carroys, 4. Other crop and environmental conditions which neep be conductive to increased natural sunburn. DO NOT contains this product with anything order for subtractive to watermebros unless your profit use has shown the combination to be non-injurious to watermebros under your conditions of use.
Garlic Garlic	7	Butylis leaf blight or blest, Purple blotch	2% to Per Application, 18 tsp. Per Year	This product is recommended for the wift Misease monitoring systems which adjust fungicide areas and frequency of application according to disease hazard. Appl. Part to Infediot, tee 18 by para are Frequency. 10 ctys. Luv Besses Hazard & Some Disease Present, use 2 by, per acre Frequency. 70 ctys. Luv Besses Hazard & Some Disease Present, use 2 by, per acre Frequency. 7 to (dusys. Mgr) Disease Present, use 2 by, per acre Frequency. 7 to (dusys. Mgr) Disease Present, use 2 by, per acre Frequency. 7 to (dusys. Mgr) Disease Present, use 2 by, by per acre. Frequency. 7 to (dusys. Mgr) Disease Present, use 2 by, by per acre. Frequency. 7 to (dusys. Mgr) Disease Present user.

CROP	H	CLOSTO	RATE PER	OLIVIANI MOTEOLIMA
	(DATS)	DISEASES	Z00 3Q. FI.	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Onion (dry bulb), Garlic	7	Neck Rot	2 % tsp. Per Application,	For suppression of neck rot (Botrytis spp.) during storage, make a minimum of three weekly
			18 tsp. Per Year	applications prior to lifting.
Onion (green bunching), Leek,	14 (green onion,	Botrytis leaf blight or blast, Purple blotch,	2 tsp. Per Application,	Begin applications prior to favorable infection periods, and repeat at 7 to 10
Shallot	leek,	(suppression)	8 tsp. Per Year	day intervals for as long as conditions favor disease. Use the high rate and a 7
	STRIIIOU			day schedule of applications when heavy dew or rain persist. Do not apply more
				than 3 times per season. If additional
				disease control is needed before harvest, use another registered fundicide.
Parsnip	10	Alternaria leaf spot,	2 tsp. Per	Make the first application at the
		Downy mildew,	Application,	first sign of disease or when
		Anthracnose, Botrytis		conditions are favorable for
		blight (gray mold),	7 tsp. Per Year	infection. Continue applications on
		Bottom rot (Rhizoctonia)		a 7 to 10 day schedule.
Potato	7	Late blight, Early blight,	1 1/2 tsp. Per	Begin applications at the low
		Botrytis vine rot	Application,	rate when vines are first exposed
				and leaf wetness occurs. Repeat
			14 tsp. Per Year	applications at 7 to 10 day
				and shortest interval when plants
				are rapidly growing and disease
				conditions are severe.

specified when disease conditions Begin applications when dew or rain occur and disease threatens. Use the highest rate and shortest interva

18 tsp. Per Year

7-10 days): Early blight, FOLLAGE (apply every ate blight, Gray leaf spot, Gray leaf mold,

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

200 SQ. FT.

DISEASES

DAYS)

**Tomato** 9

RATE PER 2 ½ tsp. Per Application, ORNAMENTAL GARDEN PLANTS

Apply this product at the rate of 2 ¼ teaspoons per gallon, or 3 Tablespoons (1 ½ fluid ounces) gallons of water unless other directions are given in the tables below. Apply enough diluted spray per acre to provide thorough coverage of all plant parts that are intended to be protected from disease, generally ranging from ½ to 3 gallons per 1,000 square feet of garden area. Repeat applications at 7 to 14 day intervals until conditions are no longer favorable for disease. During periods when conditions favor severe disease incidence, generally cloudy or uid ounces of this product (0.84 lbs chlorothalonil active ingredient) per 1,000 sq. wet weather, apply this product at 7 day intervals. DO NOT apply more than a total of oer growing season on field-grown ornamentals per 4

Fruits and other structures which may be borne on treated plants MUST NOT BE EATEN.

This product is recommended for control of fungal diseases referred to by numbers in parentheses following each type of ornamental plant. The user should test for possible phytotoxic responses, using recommended rates on each type of ornamental plant on a small area prior to widespread use. Applications made during bloom may damage flowers and/or fruits.

#### ORNAMENTALS RECOMMENDED FOR TREATMENT

Broadleaf Shrubs and Trees

Andromeda (Pleris) (1), Ash (Fraxinus) (1), Aspen (1), Azalea (1,2.4), Buckeye, Horsechesthut (1), Camellia (2), Cherry-laurel (1), Crabapple (1,6), Dogwood (1), Eucalyptus (3), Euorymus (1), Firethorn (Pyracantha) (1), Flowering almond (1,2), Flowering cherry (1,2), Flowering peach (1,2), Flowering plum (1,2), Flowering quince (1,2), Hawthorn (1,6), Holly (1), Lilac (5), Magnolia (1), Maple (1), Mountain laurel (1), Oak (red group only) (1,7), Oregon-grape (Mahonia) (6), Red-tip (Photinia) (1), Poplar (1), Privet (Ligustrum) (1), Rhododendron (1,2,4), Sand cherry (1,2), Sequoia (1), Spirea (1), Sycamore, Planetree (1), Vibumum (5), Walnut (Luglans) (1)

# Flowering Plants and Bulbs

Arabian violet (2), Begonia (1), Carnation (1,2), Chrysanthemum (1,2), Crocus (1), Daffodii (1), Daisy (1), Geranium (1,6), Gladiolus (1,2), Hollyhock (6), Hydrangea (foliage only) (1,6), his (1,2), Lily (1), Marigold (1), Narcissus (1), Pansy (1), Petunia (1,4), Phlox (1) b, Poinsettia (1), Rose (1), Statice (1), Tuilip (1), Zinnia (1,5)

- a/ Avoid applications during bloom period on plants where flower injury is unacceptable.
- b/ Discontinue applications prior to bract formation, phytotoxicity is possible on the bracts. c/ Use 1 ½ Tbs. of this product per 4 gallons of water.
- C/ OSE 1 72 105. Of this product per 4 gallons of Wa

# Diseases controlled

# 1. Leafspots & Foliar Blights:

Actinopelte leafspot, Alternaria leafspot or leaf blight, Anthracnose (*Gnomonia, Glomerella, Colletotrichum, Discula*) blights, Black spot (*Diplocarpori*), Botrytis blights, Cephalosporium leafspot, Cercospora leafspot, Cercosporidium leafspot, Shothole (*Sligming*), Corynespora stem & leafspots, Curvularia leafspot, Dackylaria leafspot, Didymellina leafspot, Drechslera

(Bipolaris) leafspots, inkspot, Fabraea (Entomosporium) leafspot, Fusarium (Gibberella) leafspot, Gloeosporium black leafspot, Marssonia leafspot, Monillinia blossom blight, twig blight, Mycosphaerella ray blight, Myrothecium leafspot, brown rot, Phyllosticta leafspot, Ramularia leafspot, Rhizoctonia web blight, Scao (Venturia), Septoria leafspot, Sphaeropsis

Ramularia leafspot, Rhizoctonia web blight, Scab (*Venturia*), Septoria leafspot, Sphaerops leafspot, Stagonospora leaf scorch, Tan leafspot (*Curvularia*), Volutella leaf blight

# 2. Flower Spots & Blights:

Botrytis flower spot, flower blight, Curvularia flower spot, Monilinia blossom blight, Ovulinia flower blight, Rhizopus blossom blight, Sclerotinia flower blight

- 3. Cylindrocladium stem canker
- 4. Phytophthora leaf blight, dieback
- 5. Powdery mildews:
- Erysiphe cichoracearum, Sphaerotheca fuliginea, Microsphaera spp. 6. Rusts:
- บ. ทนธเธ.
- Gymnosporangium spp., Pucciniastrum hydrangeae, Puccinia spp.
- 7. Taphrina blister

#### FRUIT AND NUT TREE DISEASES

Apply this product in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage of tree canopy, including the undersides of leaves, to the point of spray runoff. Mix the indicated rate of this product into each 4 gallons of water to be used for each application, generally sufficient to treat 200 square feet. Do not apply closer to harvest than the indicated **Preharvest Interval (PHI)** for each twee of croo.

Note: Ávoid spräying plants during extremely hot and sunny weather. **DO NOT apply this product within one week before or after application of oil or an oil-based pesticide**. Do not orraze treated areas or feed treated laint parts to livestock.

tsp. = teaspoonful (1/6 fluid ounce)

CROP	PHI		RATE PER	
	(days)	Diseases	4 GALLONS	Application Directions
Blueberry		Mummy Berry, Anthracnose	Application, 10 ½ tsp. Per Year	Begin applications at budbreak (green tip). Repeat applications until earlybloom at 10 day intervals. DO NOT apply after early bloom, otherwise phytotoxicity may occur to the developing fruit.

CROP	PHI (days)	Diseases	RATE PER 4 GALLONS	Application Directions
Filberts (Hazelnuts)	120	Eastern filbert blight	3 ½ tsp. Per Application,	Begin applications at leaf bud break and repeat at 2 to 4 week intervals. Based on available residue data, use of this product on filberts is restricted to Oreoon.
Papaya	14	Alternaria fruit spot, Anthracnose, Stem end rot	2 ¾ tsp. Per Application, 8 tsp. Per Year	Begin treatment when conditions favor development of disease and continue treatments at 14 day intervals until weather conditions no longer favor disease development.
Passion Fruit (Hawaii only)	7	Alternaria fruit and leaf spot (brown spot)	2 tsp. Per Application, 9 tsp. Per Year	Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage of fruit and leaves. Begin applications before fruit spots appear (April to July) and re- apply at 14 day intervals until weather conditions no longer favor disease development.
Stone Fruits: Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Cherry, Plum, Prune	apply	Leaf curl  Shothole, Brown rot blossom blight, Lacy (russet) scalo on prune, Cherry leaf spot, Scab	Application,	Apply at leaf fall in late autumn When conditions favor high disease levels apply once or Who more in mith ola lev whiter befree budswell.  Make one application at budbreak or popcom (pink, red or early white bud). If weather conditions favor disease, make a second application 10 days later full bloom to petal tail). Apply at husk split to prevent infections on young fruit. If additional disease control is needed after shuck split and before harvest, use another resistered funcicide.

## CONIFER DISEASES

Apply this product in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage of tree canopy, including the undersides of leaves, to the point of spray runoff. Mix the indicated rate of this product into each 4 gallons of water to be used for each application, generally sufficient to treat 200 square feet. Do not apply more than 16 fluid ounces (100 teaspoonfuls) per 1,000 square feet per year on field-grown conifers.

Note: Avoid spraying plants during extremely hot and sunny weather. **DO NOT apply this** product within one week before or after application of oil or an oil-based pesticide. Do not graze treated areas of feed treated plant parts to livestock.

tsp. = teaspoonful (1/6 fluid ounce) RATE PER 4 GALLONS = 5 tsp. Per Application Diseases: Scleroderris canker (pines), Swiss needlecast, Sircoccous tip blight, Rhizosphaera needlecast spruces), Scirrib Brown spot (pines) Application Directions: Make the first application in spring when new shoot growth is ½ to 2 inches in length. Make additional applications at 3 to 4 week intervals until conditions no longer favor disease development. For use in nursery beds, apply the highest rate specified on a 3 week scheduler.

Diseases: Oyclaneusma and Lophodermium needlecasts (pines) Application Directions: Apply in early spring prior to budbreak. Repeat applications at approximately 6 to 8 week intervals, until spore release ceases in late fall. Apply monthly during periods of frequent rainfall, and where Lophodermium infections occur during domancy (Pacific Northwest). During drought periods, applications may be suspended, then resumed upon next occurrence of needle wetness.

Diseases: Rhabdocline needlecast (Douglas-fir) Application Directions: Apply at budbreak and repeat at 3 to 4 week intervals until needles are fully elongated and conditions no longer favor disease development. When irregular budbreak occurs, apply weekly until all trees have broken bud, then every 3 to 4 weeks as specified above. In nursery beds, apply on a 3 week schedule.

Diseases: Botyvits seedling blight, Phoma twig blight Application\* Directions: Begin applications in nursery beds when seedlings are 4 inches tall and when cool, moist conditions favor disease development. Make additional applications at 7 to 14 day intervals as long as disease favorable conditions persist. Diseases: Autoecious needle rust (Weir's cushion rust) (spruces) Application Directions: Begin applications in nursery beds when 10% of bush awe broken and repeat bive in hereafter at 7-10 day intervals.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. **Pesticide Storage:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If the wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Privriormental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: DO NOT reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning, if burned, stay out of smoke.